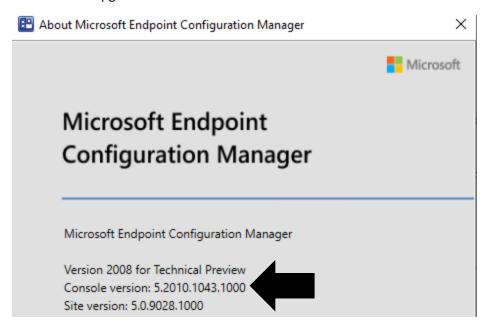
# **Installing Technical Preview 2009**

In this post, I will show you how to install TP2009 and explore new features. I am currently running TP2008. Will upgrade to TP2009 within the console.

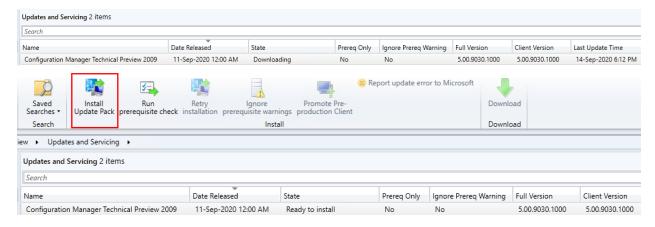


Below are the links to TP2009 documentation.

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/mem/configmgr/core/get-started/2020/technical-preview-2009

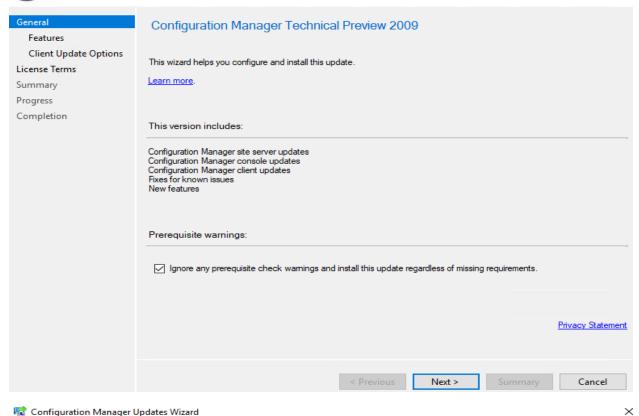
https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/configuration-manager-blog/remote-control-any-online-client-with-configuration-manager/ba-p/1666210

Just clicked check for updates and it is downloading TP2009.





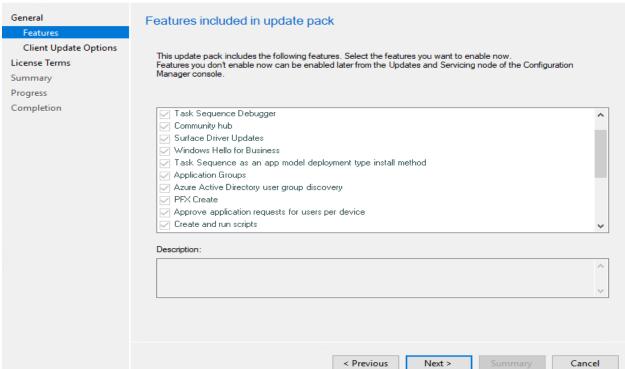
General



🙀 Configuration Manager Updates Wizard

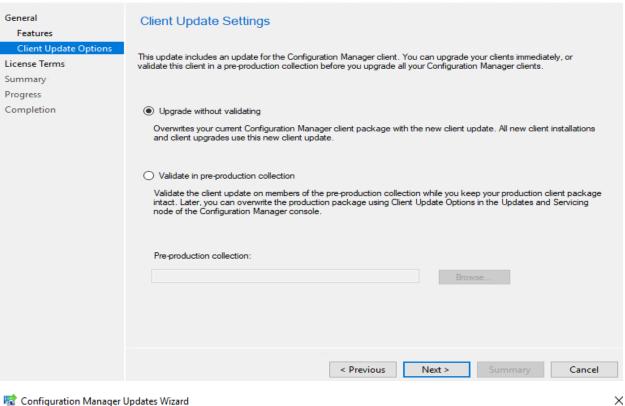


Features





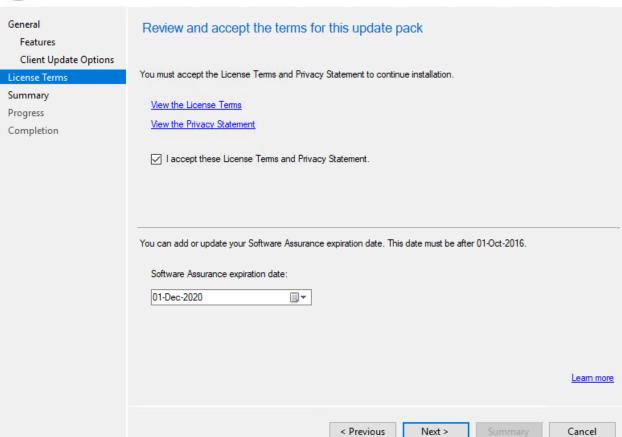
#### Client Update Options

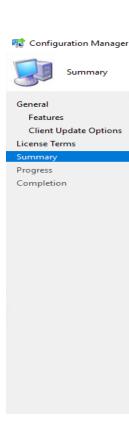


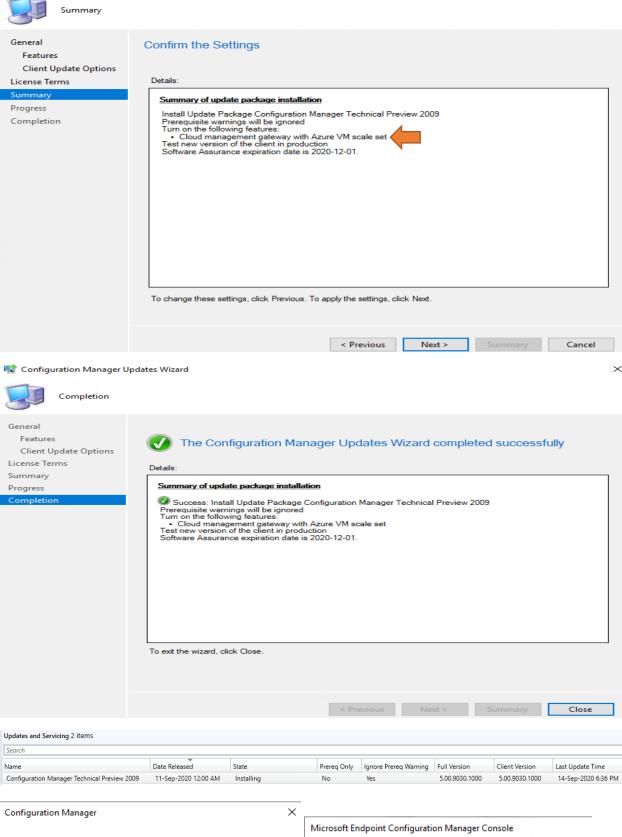


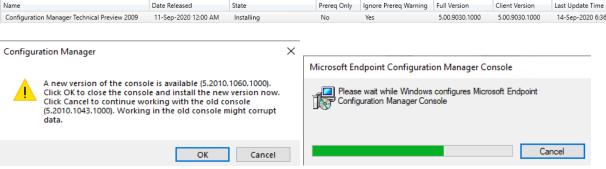


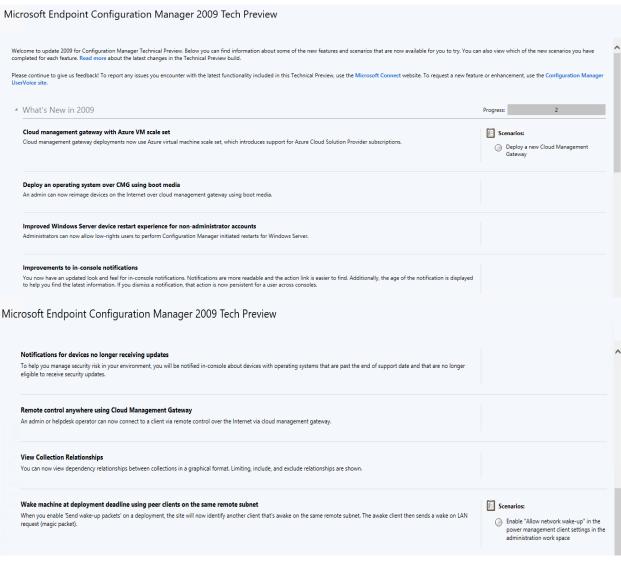
#### License Terms

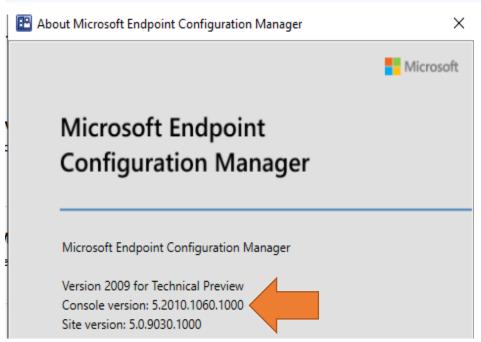












These are the new features in this release. We will explore them in great detail.

**Cloud management gateway with Azure VM scale set** - Cloud management gateway deployments now use Azure virtual machine scale set, which introduces support for Azure Cloud Solution Provider. subscriptions. I don't have CMG configured within home lab. As a result, I won't be able to provide additional screen shot. Here is a brief what needs to be done for the above.

- A new prerequisite is to register the following resource providers in your Azure subscription:
  - Microsoft.KeyVault
  - Microsoft.Storage
  - Microsoft.Network
  - o Microsoft.Compute

For more information, see Azure resource providers and types.

- When you create a CMG in the Configuration Manager console, the default option to deploy the cloud service is as a Virtual machine scale set. If necessary, you can still select Cloud service (classic) to use the existing Azure Resource Manager deployment.
- For a CMG deployment to a virtual machine scale set, the service name is different. This name is from the CMG server authentication certificate.
  - With the previous Azure Resource Manager deployment option, the service name is in the cloudapp.net domain. For example, GraniteFalls.CloudApp.Net.
  - With a virtual machine scale set, the service name uses the cloudapp.azure.com domain along with the region. For example, GraniteFalls.EastUS.CloudApp.Azure.Com for a deployment in the East US Azure region.
- The CMG connection point only communicates with the virtual machine scale set in Azure over HTTPS. It doesn't require TCP-TLS ports 10140-10155 to build the CMG communication channel.

If you already have an existing CMG deployment using Azure Resource Manager, you don't have to redeploy the service. This new deployment method is primarily to support CSP customers to use the CMG. If you do redeploy the service to leverage the new architecture, since the service name changes, you'll need to make configuration changes:

**Deploy an operating system over CMG using boot media** - An admin can now reimage devices on the Internet over cloud management gateway using boot media.

## Deploy an OS over CMG using boot media

Starting in current branch version 2006, the cloud management gateway (CMG) supports running a task sequence with a boot image when you start it from Software Center. With this release, you can now use boot media to reimage internet-based devices that connect through a CMG. This scenario helps you better support remote workers. If Windows won't start so that the user can access Software Center, you can now send them a USB drive to reinstall Windows.

#### Prerequisites for boot media via CMG

- Set up a CMG
- For all content referenced in the task sequence, distribute it to a content-enabled CMG or a cloud distribution point. For more information, see <u>Distribute content</u>.
- Enable the following client settings in the Cloud services group:
  - o Allow access to cloud distribution point
  - o Enable clients to use a cloud management gateway
- When you deploy the task sequence to a collection, configure the following settings:
  - $\circ\;$  User experience page: Allow task sequence to run for client on the internet
  - o Deployment settings page: Make available to an option that includes media.
  - Distribution points page, deployment options: Download content locally when needed by the running task sequence. For more information, see Deployment options.
- Make sure the device has a constant internet connection while the task sequence runs. Windows PE doesn't support wireless networks, so the device needs a wired network connection.

**Improved Windows Server device restart experience for non-administrator accounts** - Administrators can now allow low-rights users to perform Configuration Manager initiated restarts for Windows Server.

### Improved Windows Server restart experience for nonadministrator accounts

For a low-rights user on a device that runs Windows Server, by default they aren't assigned the user rights to restart Windows. When you target a deployment to this device, this user can't manually restart. For example, they can't restart Windows to install software updates.

Starting in this release, you can now control this behavior as needed. In the **Computer Restart** group of client settings, enable the following setting: **When a deployment requires a restart, allow low-rights users to restart a device running Windows Server**.

**Improvements to in-console notifications** - You now have an updated look and feel for in-console notifications. Notifications are more readable and the action link is easier to find. Additionally, the age of the notification is displayed to help you find the latest information. If you dismiss a notification, that action is now persistent for a user across consoles.

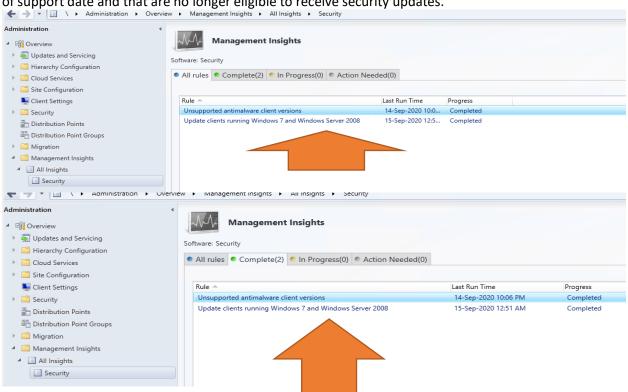
## Improvements to in-console notifications

You now have an updated look and feel for in-console notifications. Notifications are more readable and the action link is easier to find. Additionally, the age of the notification is displayed to help you find the latest information. If you dismiss or snooze a notification, that action is now persistent for your user across consoles.

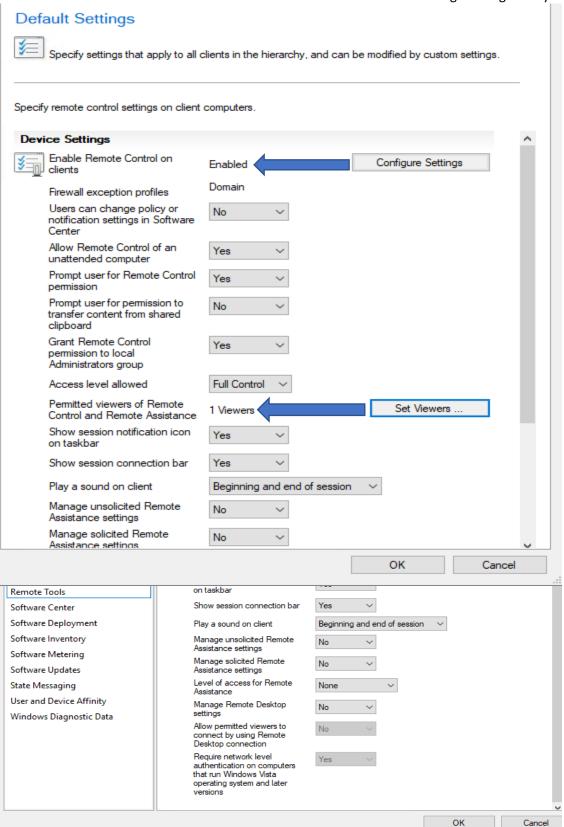
Right-click or select ... on the notification to take one of the following actions:

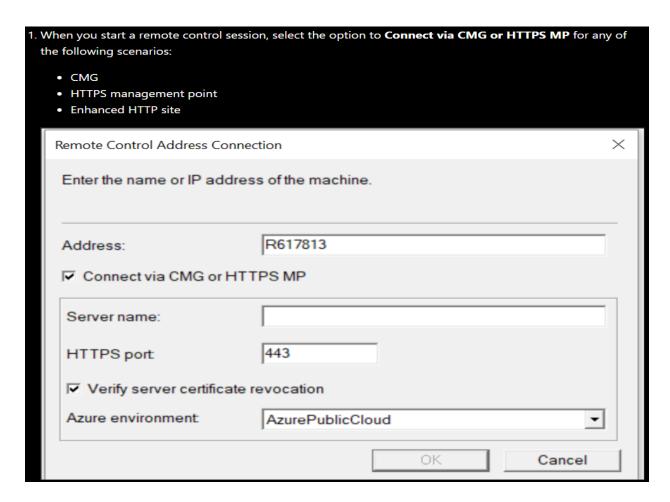
- Translate text: Launches Bing Translator for the text.
- Copy text: Copies the notification text to the clipboard.
- Snooze: Snoozes the notification for the specified duration:
  - One hour
  - One day
  - o One week
  - One month
- Dismiss: Dismisses the notification.

**Notifications for devices no longer receiving updates** - To help you manage security risk in your environment, you will be notified in-console about devices with operating systems that are past the end of support date and that are no longer eligible to receive security updates.

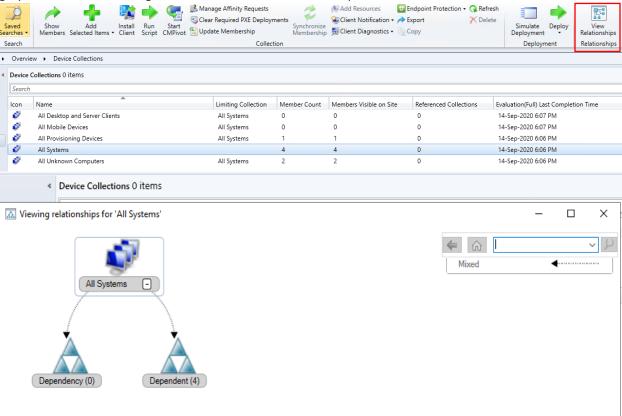


**Remote control anywhere using Cloud Management Gateway** - An admin or helpdesk operator can now connect to a client via remote control over the Internet via cloud management gateway.





**View Collection Relationships** - You can now view dependency relationships between collections in a graphical format. Limiting, include, and exclude relationships are shown.



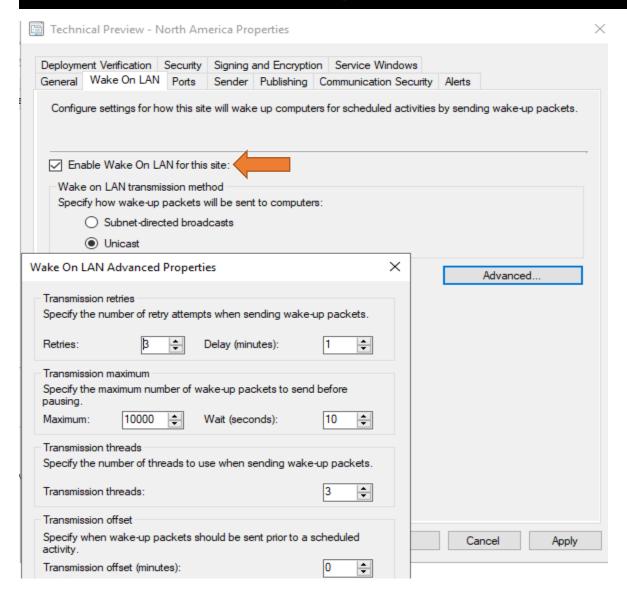
Wake machine at deployment deadline using peer clients on the same remote subnet - When you enable 'Send wake-up packets' on a deployment, the site will now identify another client that's awake on the same remote subnet. The awake client then sends a wake on LAN request (magic packet).

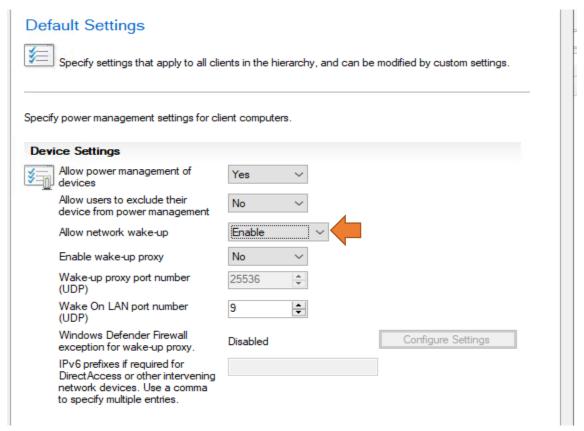
# Wake machine at deployment deadline using peer clients on the same remote subnet

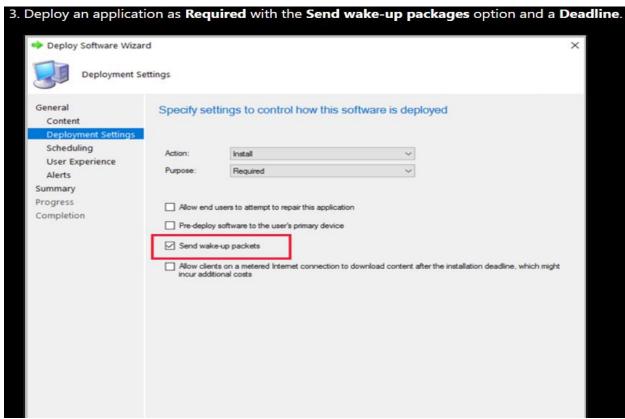
Wake on LAN (WoL) has always posed a problem in complex, subnetted networks. Good networking best practice reduces the size of broadcast domains to mitigate against the risk of broadcast traffic adversely affecting the network. The most common way to limiting network broadcast is by not allowing broadcast packets to be routed between subnets. Another option is to enable subnet directed broadcasts but most organizations don't allow the magic packet to traverse internal routers.

In version 1810, the introduction of peer wake up allowed an administrator to wake a device or collection of devices, on demand using the client notification channel. Overcoming the need for the server to be in the same broadcast domain as the client.

This latest improvement allows the Configuration Manager site to wake devices at the deadline of a deployment, using that same client notification channel. Instead of the site server issuing the magic packet directly, the site uses the client notification channel to find an online machine in the last known subnet of the target device(s) and instructs the online client to issue the WoL packet for the target device.







This concludes all new features in TP2009.

Thanks

Ram Lan 14<sup>th</sup> Sep 2020